Sweet Springs R-VII District School



Section 504 Procedures Manual

2023-2024 School Year

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NOTICE OF NONDISCRIMINATION

Applicants for admission and employment, students, parents of elementary and secondary school students, employees, sources of referral of applicants for admission and employment, and all unions of professional organizations holding collective bargaining or professional agreements with the Sweet Springs R-VII School District are hereby notified that this institution does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age or handicap in admission or access to, or treatment or employment in its programs and activities.

Any person having inquiries concerning Sweet Springs R-VII School District compliance with the regulations implementing Title IX is directed to contact Lori Price, Superintendent of Schools, 600 E. Marshall St. Sweet Springs, MO 65351, 660-335-4860 or Tara Merrick, Special Education Director, 600 E. Marshall St. Sweet Springs, MO 65351, 660-335-6341. Administrators have been designated by the Sweet Springs R-VII School District to coordinate the institution's efforts to comply with the regulations implementing Title I, II, IV, VI, Title IX, and Section 504. Any person may also contact the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education, regarding the institution's compliance with the regulations implementing Title I, II, IV, VI, Title IX, or Section 504.

7/1/2021

Purpose of Section 504

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, is designed to eliminate discrimination based on disability in any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance. This act requires that no qualified student who demonstrates a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, (i.e. self-care, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, working, learning, eating, sleeping, standing, lifting, bending, reading, concentrating, thinking, operation of a major bodily function, and communicating) shall be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefit of, or be subject to discrimination in any program or activity offered by Sweet Springs R-VII School District. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it substantially limits a major life activity when active.

The determination of impact to one or more major life activity must be made without regard to any ameliorative effects of mitigating measures (i.e. medication, medical supplies, equipment, low-vision devices, prosthetics, hearing aids and cochlear implants or other implantable hearing devices, mobility devices, or oxygen therapy equipment and supplies).

Sweet Springs R-VII School District shall offer a free appropriate public education (FAPE) to each qualified student with a disability. Services provided to qualified students are not required to produce identical results or level of achievement with nondisabled peers. Services must be designed to offer an equal opportunity to gain the same benefit within the most integrated setting appropriate.

A student who is not disabled, but has a record of, or is regarded as, disabled is protected under Section 504 insofar as an alleged discriminatory action based on that history or perception. The fact that a student has a "record of, or is "regarded as" having an impairment is insufficient by itself to require reasonable accommodations.

SS-RVII School Board Regulation (IGBA-AF1) designates procedures for the implementation of Section 504 in SS-RVII.

Identification and Evaluation Procedures

SS-RVII has a responsibility to identify and evaluate those children who are believed to qualify as disabled under Section 504.

1. Referral:

When there is reason to suspect that a student has a disability and is in need of accommodations within the general education classroom, a referral can be made to the local screening team for review.

Referrals can be made either orally or in writing; both types of referrals are documented on a *Section 504 Referral* form. If parents make an oral referral, they should be asked if they want to complete the *Section 504 Referral* form, or have the 504 Coordinator complete it on their behalf.

If parents make a referral to a teacher, they should be directed to the 504 coordinator selected to receive referrals. Whether provided orally or in writing, the date the referral is received must be noted on the *Section 504 Referral* form. Part two and three must be completed by the student's 504 Coordinator, and other appropriate school staff members, if the student has more than one teacher.

2. Local Screening team:

The local screening team must convene within ten business days following the receipt of a referral. The date the referral was received and the date on which the local screening team convened are logged on the *Checklist for Section 504 Eligibility*.

For all referrals, the local screening team must consist of the following members, at a minimum:

- 504 Coordinator
- Counselor
- General education teacher
- Referral source, except if inclusion of the referral source would breach the confidentiality of the student

The parents must be invited to the local screening team meeting orally, and in writing by way of a *Notice of Local Screening Meeting* form. The parents must be notified of the meeting early enough to ensure they have an opportunity to participate; however, the meeting must be held within ten business days of the referral date.

During the local screening team meeting, the team should review information from a variety of sources. The information reviewed should pertain to the student's functioning in the school environment, and should include, as available: the referral; educational records such as aptitude and achievement tests, report cards and/or teacher recommendations; oral or written observations; evaluations of adaptive behavior; social and cultural background;

medical, psychological, and/or other specialty reports; and parent information.

Following this review, the local screening team may:

- Determine that an evaluation is not warranted at this time.
- Determine there is a need for an evaluation for special education services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). In this case, the local screening team shall proceed in accordance with the FCPS Referral, Evaluation, and Missouri Standards and Indicators Eligibility Procedures manual.
- Determine whether the student qualifies as disabled under Section 504 of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Amendments Act of 2008.

3. Making Initial Qualification Decisions:

If, upon review of the *Section 504 Referral* form and available information, the local screening team determines that there is insufficient evidence to suspect that a disability warrants an evaluation for special education under IDEA, but considers qualification as disabled under Section 504, the team will complete a *Eligibility Statement form* to indicate the decision not to evaluate for special education eligibility. The *Eligibility Statement* will reflect "Do not conduct evaluation" and "Pursue the following action" with a notation that the team will consider qualification under Section 504. The local screening team determines that individual assessments should be conducted in order to determine qualification under 504, the *Eligibility Statement form* will reflect "Do not conduct evaluation" and "Pursue the following action" with notes indicating that the team recommends individual assessments for the purpose of determining qualification under 504. The *Notice of Local Screening* shall be completed and signed by the parent prior to the administration of any assessments. Upon completion of assessments, the local screening team will reconvene and consider qualification under 504.

The local screening team shall complete a *Section 504 Eligibility* form for students being considered as disabled under Section 504. The information listed on this form must document:

- Concerns leading to the referral.
- Identification of the physical or mental impairment(s):
 - "Physical or mental impairment" means any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special sense organs; cardiovascular; reproductive, digestive, genito-urinary; hemic and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; or any mental or psychological disorder, such as Intellectual Disability, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disability."
 - The major life activity impacted by the impairment(s):
 - "Major life activity" includes but is not limited to: caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, working, eating, sleeping, standing, lifting, bending, reading, concentrating, thinking, and communicating. A major life activity also includes the operation of a major bodily function, including but not limited to, functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological,

brain, respiratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions.

- An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity need not limit other major life activities in order to be considered a disability.
- Description of the impact of the student's impairment on the identified major life activity:
 - An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it substantially limits a major life activity when active.
- Individuals being considered for qualification under Section 504 should not be penalized because they manage their own adaptive strategies or receive accommodations (including informal or undocumented ones) that have lessened the deleterious impact of the disability. The determination of impact to one or more major life activities must be made without regard to any ameliorative effects of mitigating measures which include, but are not limited to: medication, medical supplies, equipment, low-vision devices*, prosthetics, hearing aids and cochlear implants or other implantable hearing devices, mobility devices, oxygen therapy equipment and supplies, assistive technology, reasonable accommodations, auxiliary aids or services; or learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications.
- Information provided and considered by the team.
- The team's determination of qualification.
- A list of the team members participating in the determination.

A copy of this form, along with the *Checklist for Section 504 Eligibility Form* and the *Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 Parent/Student Rights under Section 504*, shall be provided to the parent.

* Note – Low-vision devices do not include ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses. The ameliorative effects of ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses may be considered in determining whether the impairment substantially limits a major life activity. Ordinary eyeglasses are those that are intended to fully correct visual acuity or eliminate refractive error: and low-vision devices are those that magnify, enhance, or otherwise augment a visual image.

Knowledgeable 504 Plan Team

1. Knowledgeable Team Membership:

The 504 plan is a statement of the required accommodations and services that Sweet Springs R-VII School District will provide to a student. If the student qualifies as disabled under Section 504, a team of knowledgeable people shall develop a 504 plan. Typically, the knowledgeable team is staff members who work directly with, or supervise the student in the educational setting.

The knowledgeable team must include:

- 504 Coordinator
- Teacher(s) who are, or will be, working with the student (Whenever possible, the team should include those persons who will be responsible for implementing the proposed accommodations).
- Other team members can include school nurse, school social worker, or counselor, depending on the needs of the student.

The school is not required to include the parent in the development of the 504 Plan, but it is <u>best practice</u> to invite the parent to participate and provide input.

2. <u>Plan Development:</u>

The knowledgeable team reviews the specific needs of the student in the educational setting and completes a *504 Plan* form. Accommodations necessary to provide the student an equal opportunity to access programs and activities and to demonstrate achievement are included in the 504 plan. The reasonable accommodations shall:

- Reflect the unique needs of the student.
- Relate directly to the area of impairment.
- Address only what is necessary to ensure that the student has the opportunity to access programs and activities in the school setting.
- Be specific enough in description to clearly indicate when and where the accommodation(s) will be provided during the school day.

The focus is on **reasonable accommodations**.

The 504 team shall determine whether the student that qualifies as disabled under section 504 requires classroom testing accommodations, and whether those accommodations should be provided for any state and district-wide assessments. These decisions shall be recorded on the appropriate 504 Plan Accommodations form. Testing accommodations should be consistent with the classroom instruction accommodations that are already part of the student's 504 plan.

If the 504 team determines that there is currently no specific educational impact that requires accommodations, this should be noted on the 504 Plan form. This decision should be reviewed if concerns are noted by either the parent or school staff members.

A copy of the 504 plan shall be provided to the parent following its completion within 20

days of the 504 team meeting. Parental consent is not required prior to the provision of accommodations for a student.

The 504 Coordinator is responsible for adherence to the overall procedures and implementation of a 504 plan.

Each individual working with or supervising the student shall be provided a copy of the 504 plan and will comply with the applicable components.

The plan remains in effect as specified until either a new plan is developed, or the knowledgeable team determines through reevaluation that the student no longer qualifies as disabled under Section 504.

3. Plan Review and Revision:

The 504 Coordinator is responsible for ensuring that 504 plans are reviewed at least annually or more frequently as conditions warrant. The purpose of this review is to determine the appropriateness of the plan and to make any needed modifications. The participants in the annual meeting should be those individuals relevant to the discussion of the student's accommodations. At minimum, the team must consist of at least one of the student's teachers and the 504 Coordinator. It is best practice to invite the parent(s) and student to the annual plan review.

If the previous 504 plan remains appropriate, a new 504 Plan form does not need to be completed in its entirety. Demographic information, dates, and team member signatures are required, along with a statement that the previous plan, and date, remains appropriate and should continue to be implemented as written.

If the team determines that the existing plan requires modification, a new 504 Plan form must be completed.

4. <u>Discipline Procedures</u>:

The 504 team shall convene to assess whether the behavior requiring disciplinary action is related to a qualified student's disability when:

- A decision is made to remove a 504-qualified student from school for more than 10 consecutive school days in a school year.
- The 504-qualified student is subjected to a series of removals during a school year that accumulates to more than 10 school days.

While not required, it is best practice to invite the parent to participate and provide input at the causal hearing. Parents should be notified with sufficient time to allow them the opportunity to attend. The school may use the *Notice Meeting* form to notify the parent of the meeting. A copy of the *Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973* Parent/Student Rights under Section 504 shall be provided at the meeting.

The 504 team shall complete a *Section 504 Notice of Local Screening* and forward it to the Superintendent's Hearing Officer when there is a recommendation for expulsion or exclusion:

- If a student is qualified under Section 504 and there is a causal relationship between the disability and the behavior resulting in disciplinary action, the team shall determine whether the student's educational program should be modified.
- If a student is qualified under Section 504 and there is no causal relationship between the disability and the behavior resulting in disciplinary action, the student may be disciplined in the same manner as a nondisabled student, including the cessation of services.
- If a student qualified under Section 504 is receiving disciplinary action based on the illegal use and/or possession of drugs or alcohol, and the individual is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs or alcohol, a team of knowledgeable persons is not required to convene, reevaluate the student, or determine whether there is a causal relationship between the behavior and the disability.

5. Transfers

When a student transfers into a school and is qualified under Section 504, the 504 team in the receiving school shall review the existing 504 plan to determine the plan's appropriateness to the current educational setting. The 504 team may decide to implement the plan as received, write a new plan more appropriate to the current educational setting, or reevaluate the student in order to consider if the student no longer qualifies as eligible under Section 504.

If a student transfers to another public school outside of SS-RVII, the file is to be forwarded to the new school in accordance with regulations.

6. Reevaluation

The knowledgeable team shall conduct a reevaluation of each student's qualification as eligible under Section 504:

- Every three years.
- More frequently if conditions warrant.

The date of the student's initial or most recent re-evaluation of qualification as eligible under Section 504 is documented on the 504 plan. The re-evaluation date is then calculated by adding three years to the initial or most recent reevaluation review date. Prior to the reevaluation review date, information should be collected from teachers and other school staff members who work with the student for review at the re-evaluation meeting.

The knowledgeable team shall convene a re-evaluation meeting with the purpose of reviewing evaluation information and determining if the student continues to qualify as eligible under Section 504. If it is determined that additional individual assessments are needed in order to determine if the student continues to qualify, the *Parent Consent for Individualized Assessment* form shall be completed and signed by the parent prior to the administration of any assessments. Upon completion of assessments, the knowledgeable team will reconvene and consider continued qualification under 504.

The knowledgeable team shall complete an *Eligibility Statement* order to determine if the student continues to qualify as eligible under Section 504.

7. **504 Records**

The student's parent or guardian may examine their child's educational record upon request.

The 504 Coordinator is responsible for keeping a record of those students for whom a 504 plan has been developed, along with the anticipated review date for each student's 504 plan, and the date of each student's reevaluation. The date of the 504 plan shall be entered in the School Information System (SIS) or any subsequent school-based information system, for each qualified student. This information shall be reviewed and updated at the beginning of each school year.

After discontinuation of the 504 plan or graduation, the most recent 504 plan and evaluation will be kept in the student's permanent file. All other 504 records will be destroyed 3 years after graduation or discontinuation of services.

Sweet Springs R-VII School District Operating Procedures for Section 504 Impartial Hearings

Sweet Springs R-VII School District or the parent or guardians of a student (or an adult student) with a disability as defined by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") may request an impartial hearing to resolve any disagreement regarding the identification, evaluation, accommodations and/or modifications, provision of FAPE, or causality determination of the student with a disability. Requests for a hearing that raises issues pursuant to both Section 504 and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA") may at the discretion of the hearing officer, be heard together through the IDEA hearing procedures provided by federal and state law, regulations, and FCPS policies.

1. Requesting an Impartial Hearing

Requests for an impartial hearing shall be made in writing and delivered to the coordinator, Office of Due Process and Eligibility. The request shall include: the name of the student, the address of the residence of the student (or available contact information in the case of a homeless student), the name of the school the student is attending, a description of the nature of the problem with supporting facts, and a proposed resolution of the problem.

If the request does not include all of the required information it may be returned to the parents within 10 school days of receipt by the coordinator with a request to provide the missing information within five additional school days. The remaining procedures will not proceed until the additional information is received from the parents.

A hearing may only be requested within one year of the date the parents knew or should have known about the alleged actions or facts that forms the basis of the complaint.

Sweet Springs R-VII School District may provide a written response to the request for hearing. Should Sweet Springs R-VII School District elect to provide such a response it should be delivered to both the parents and the hearing officer within 15 school days of receipt of a request for a hearing that includes all of the required information. If Sweet Springs R-VII School District requests an impartial hearing parents will have the same option to respond.

2. Appointment of Hearing Officer

An impartial hearing officer will be appointed by the coordinator, Office of Due Process and Eligibility, from the list of special education due process hearing officers maintained by The Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary of Education. The coordinator will contact the Office of Elementary and Secondary of Education. to request the name of a hearing officer within five school days of receipt of a request for a hearing that includes all of the required information identified in paragraph 1, and will follow up as necessary until a hearing officer is appointed.

3. Pre-Hearing Procedures

Prior to the hearing, the hearing officer shall:

• Convene a prehearing conference with the parties, unless the hearing officer

determines such a conference is unnecessary;

- Identify the specific issues to be addressed during the hearing based on the request for hearing and any response provided by the other party;
- Schedule a hearing date and location with input from the parties, and notify the parties in writing of such information;
- Ascertain whether the parties will be represented by counsel;
- Ascertain from the parents whether the hearing will be open or closed;
- Ensure that the hearing will be accurately recorded by a court reporter who is paid for his or her attendance by the school system;
- Have the authority to require that the student be evaluated; and
- Require the parties to exchange a list of witnesses and any documents to be presented during the hearing at least five business days in advance of the hearing unless otherwise permitted by the hearing officer for good cause shown, with a copy provided to the hearing officer as well.

4. Hearing Procedures

The parties have the following rights in the hearing:

- To be represented by counsel with each party being responsible for their own attorneys fees;
- To present evidence and cross-examine witnesses;
- To request that the hearing officer prohibit the introduction of evidence or the testimony of a witness that had not been disclosed five business days in advance of the hearing;
- To obtain, at their own expense, a copy of the transcript of the hearing.
- The hearing officer shall ensure in connection with the hearing that: An atmosphere conducive to impartiality and fairness exists;
- The issues raised in the hearing are limited to those identified in the request for a hearing and any response filed, or to any subsequent amendment to the request or the response when allowing such amendment is mutually agreed to by the parties or as otherwise permitted by the hearing officer for good cause shown;
- The parties and their attorneys, advocates, or advisors comply with the special education hearing officer's rules, and with relevant laws and regulations, and are not permitted to pursue hostile or irrelevant pursuits in questioning;
- Actions are taken to move the case to conclusion, including dismissing the pending proceeding if either party refuses to comply in good faith with the special education hearing officer's orders;
- An accurate record of the proceedings is maintained;
- The party requesting the hearing has the burden of proof; and
- The hearing is completed within 45 calendar days of receipt of the request for a hearing or of a subsequent agreed-upon amendment, unless an extension is granted at the request of either party for good cause or by mutual agreement of the parties.

Hearing Decision:

A written decision shall be issued to all parties setting forth findings of fact and
conclusions of law based on the evidence presented in the hearing. The decision
shall be issued within 15 business days of the conclusion of the hearing. The
decision is final and binding unless either party files a timely appeal in an
appropriate court.

Appendix A

IDEA and 504 Brief Overview of Differences

IDEA	504
PRIMARY PURPOSE	
Educational Benefit	Equal access for students with disabilities
WHO IS COVERED	
Disability conditions are defined and there are eligibility categories.	There are no eligibility categories but there are major life activities listed.
Adversely affects educational performance and requires special education and related services	Those with impairments that substantially limit a major life activity.
PURPOSE OF THE PLAN	
Goals and objectives are outlined for the student.	Reasonable accommodations provided to the student who is deemed 504 eligible by the 504 team.
CONSENT	
Parent consent is required for eligibility for initial services, and placement.	Parent consent is not required; parents are invited to participate.
REGULATIONS	
IDEA-laws are very specific; no flexibility	OCR-few specifics; more flexibility
DUE PROCESS	
Due process rights	Right to an impartial hearing
FUNDING	
All states receive funding	No Funding

504 Fact Sheet

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 FCPS Regulation 1454

Section 504 is designed to eliminate discrimination against any student with a disability in any program offered by the school division.

Who is Covered:

Any student who has, has a record of, or is regarded as having, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of life's major activities.

What is Required:

Qualifying students must have an opportunity to access all activities and programs, and cannot be denied participation because of their disability.

Qualifying students with a disability must be offered a free appropriate public education (FAPE). FAPE is the provision of reasonable accommodations, adaptations, or modifications to the environment or activity that allows the student equal opportunity to participate.

Accommodations must be designed to offer equal opportunity to gain the same benefit as non-disabled peers, within the most integrated setting appropriate, but are not expected to produce identical results or the same level of achievement.

Transfers: If a student that is disabled under Section 504 transfers schools, a knowledgeable team at the receiving school should convene and review the 504 plan to determine if it is appropriate for the current educational environment.

Qualifying Factors:

The Local Screening team (LSC) determines initial Section 504 qualification.

The LSC must identify the presence of a physical or mental impairment and the major life activity limited by the impairment.

Current illegal use of drugs or alcohol is not an impairment protected under Section 504.

The Plan:

A knowledgeable team composed minimally of the 504 Coordinator or designee and a teacher of the student develops the 504 Plan for qualified students.

The parent is invited, but does not have to attend or approve of the plan.

The 504 Plan should reflect the unique needs of the student and relate directly to the impairment. Only the accommodations necessary for the student to have an equal opportunity to access programs and activities should be included.

The knowledgeable team must meet at least once a year to review the 504 Plan.

The knowledgeable team determines if the student no longer qualifies as disabled under Section 504.

Disciplinary Protections:

The knowledgeable team must conduct a causal review following a decision to remove a student from school for more than 10 days in a school year.

If there is no causality, the student may be disciplined in the same manner as a non-disabled student, including cessation of educational services.

Causality determination is not required if the student is engaging in the illegal use of drugs or alcohol, and is being disciplined for the use or possession of illegal drugs or alcohol.

Procedural Safeguards:

Parents and qualified students are entitled to certain procedural safeguards.

Inquiries may be directed to Due Process and Eligibility (703-317-3000).

504 Questions and Answers

Q. What is Section 504?

In 1973 when the Rehabilitation Act was passed, the intent was to encourage participation and equal access to federally funded programs by the disabled. As applied to schools, the language of the Act broadly prohibits the denial of public education participation, or enjoyment of the benefits offered by public school programs because of a child's disability. The law was enacted to "level the playing field" for disabled students.

Q. Who is covered under Section 504?

A student "qualifies" if he or she has a mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities. The list of major life activities is not exhaustive, but includes functions such as seeing, hearing, learning, breathing, walking, speaking, ability to care for oneself, performing manual tasks, sleeping, standing, lifting, bending, speaking, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, and working. Major life activities also include the operation of a major bodily function including but not limited to: functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions.

Q. Does Section 504 qualification occur only after an evaluation?

Yes. However, "evaluation" does not necessarily mean a formal test or assessment. The evaluation is the process of gathering information from a variety of sources to help the team make a determination regarding qualification. If the team believes a formal test/assessment is required prior to making a determination, then parental consent must first be obtained.

Q. What team determines whether a child qualifies under Section 504?

Sweet Springs R-VII School District uses the local screening team to make the determination.

Q. What happens if a child is qualified as disabled under Section 504?

A 504 Plan is developed to document reasonable accommodations that are necessary for that student.

Q. What team develops a 504 Plan?

A 504 Plan is developed for a student by a knowledgeable team within the student's school. Minimally, this is a team composed of a 504 Coordinator or

designee, and at least one teacher of the student. The parent is not a required member of the team, but it is best practice for the parent to be involved in the discussion regarding accommodations.

Q. What goes into a 504 Plan?

A 504 Plan should include only those reasonable accommodations and modifications to the regular classroom or educational environment that are required for the student to have equal access to the educational benefits of the school program.

Q. How often should the 504 Plan be reviewed?

The 504 Plan must be reviewed at least annually.

Q. What happens if a student no longer requires accommodations in the school setting?

The knowledgeable team can meet at any time and make a determination that accommodations can be added, reduced, or eliminated altogether. However, a student can remain qualified as disabled under Section 504 and not require accommodations.

Q. In the discipline process, must a school conduct a causality hearing for a 504 qualified student who is being suspended for more than 10 consecutive school days in a school year or a series of suspensions that total more than 10 school days in a school year?

Yes, the knowledgeable team must convene to conduct a causality determination. The one exception is if the student is a current user of illegal drugs or is currently using alcohol and is being disciplined for the use or possession of illegal drugs or alcohol. No causality determination is required in this case.

Q. Are there parent/student rights?

Yes, there are parent/student rights provided to parents at several points during the process. They are provided prior to initial evaluation, during reevaluation, with the 504 Plan, and during any disciplinary action that may require a causality meeting.

Appendix D

Resources

A Guide to Disability Rights Laws; https://www.ada.gov/cguide.htm

<u>Protecting Students With Disabilities (Section 504);</u> <u>https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/504faq.html</u> Appendix F

504 forms

504 FORMS.docx